Photo optical safety of LEDs



Photo biological safety test report (IEC 62471:2006)&(IEC TR 62778:2014)

DURIS E 2835



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Further explanations:

Information: The information provided in this document consists of the list of individual LED types which are considered in the respective LED family.

Document: The document has the purpose to list the individual LED types which are considered in the respective LED family with respect to their the photo optical safety.

Conditions: The photo optical safety tests according to IEC 62471:2006 have been conducted using the worst case LED type of the LED family. Therefore the less critical LED types are also grouped into the respective highest risk group determined by the worst case LED types.

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TEST REPORT IEC 62471

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

Report Reference No. 216-16a

Date of issue: 10. October 2016

Total number of pages: 16

Testing Laboratory Central Laboratory for Light Measurements

Address OSRAM GmbH, CI ANM CLM

Berliner Allee 65; 86153 Augsburg, Germany

Applicant's name: Yeap, Sang Yee Jacqueline

OS SSL AE (SSL Application Engineering)

Address OSRAM Opto Semiconductors (M) Sdn. Bhd.

Bayan Lepas Free Industr. Zone Phase 1 - Pen 3

11900 Penang

Malaysia

Test specification:

Standard: IEC 62471:2006 (ed.1)

Test procedure: N/A
Non-standard test method: N/A

Test Report Form No. : IEC62471A

Master TRF: Dated 2009-05

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This report is not valid as a CB Test Report unless signed by an approved CB Testing Laboratory and appended to a CB Test Certificate issued by an NCB in accordance with IECEE 02.

Test item description.....: Duris E2835

Trade Mark...... OSRAM 😜

Manufacturer: OSRAM Opto Semiconductors

Model/Type reference: GW JTLRS1.EM

Report No.: 216-16a

Testing procedure and testing location:	
	Central Laboratory for Light Measurements
Testing location/ address	OSRAM GmbH, CI ANM CLM
	Berliner Allee 65; 86153 Augsburg, Germany
	DAKKS Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle D-PL-17666-02-00
Tested by (name + signature):	Axel Gurel Dr. Walter Steudtner W. Hluoltner
Approved by (+ signature):	Dr. Walter Steudtner W. Hluothul
☐ Testing procedure: TMP	
Tested by (name + signature):	
Approved by (+ signature):	
Testing location/ address:	
☐ Testing procedure: WMT	
Tested by (name + signature):	
Witnessed by (+ signature):	
Approved by (+ signature):	
Testing location/ address:	
☐ Testing procedure: SMT	
Tested by (name + signature):	
Approved by (+ signature):	
Supervised by (+ signature):	
Testing location/ address:	
☐ Testing procedure: RMT	
Tested by (name + signature):	
Approved by (+ signature):	
Supervised by (+ signature):	
Testing location/ address:	

Page 3 of 16 Report No.: 216-16a

Summary of testing:

Tests performed (name of test and test clause):

Test was performed according to clause 5 MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEMS of IEC 62471:2006 (ed.1)

Test results:

- Duris E2835 GW JTLRS1.EM:
 - RG1, low risk

Testing location:

Central Laboratory for Light Measurements OSRAM GmbH, CI ANM CLM Berliner Allee 65; 86153 Augsburg, Germany

Summary of compliance with National Differences:

Note: EN Group Differences together with National Differences and Special National Conditions, if any, are in the Appendix to the main body of this TRF.

Copy of marking plate / product picture:





Object no. e767 mounted on an OSRAM Duris S5 PCB.

The above label may show a draft of an artwork for making plate pending approval by National Certification Bodies and it shall not be affixed to products prior to such an approval.

Page 4 of 16 Report No.: 216-16a

Test item particulars				
Tested lamp	: ⊠ continuous wave lamps ☐ pulsed lamps			
Tested lamp system Duris E2835 GW JTLRS1.EM				
Lamp classification group	☐ exempt ☐ risk 1 ☐ risk 2 ☐ risk 3			
Lamp cap	: N/A			
Bulb	: N/A			
Rated of the lamp	max. 150mA DC			
Furthermore marking on the lamp: N/A				
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard N/A				
Used measurement instrument	See list of measurement equipment on page 15			
Temperature by measurement				
Information for safety use:	RG1, low risk			
Possible test case verdicts:				
test case does not apply to the test object: N/A				
- test object does meet the requirement: P (Pass)				
test object does not meet the requirement: F (Fail)				
Testing:				
Date of receipt of test item: 05.10.2016				
Date (s) of performance of tests: 06.10.2016				
General remarks:				
Explanatory statement: The measurement was performed at maximum current in steady state. The measurement result for blue light				
The measurement was performed at maximum current in steady state. The measurement result for blue light hazard is L _B = 8,34 kW•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹ at a distance of 200mm (measuring aperture 11mrad).				
This report represents the highest available CCT and covers the whole product family.				
(for detailed results see page 16)				
This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory. "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report. "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report. Throughout this report a comma is used as the decimal separator. List of test equipment must be kept on file and available for review.				
Note: EN Group Differences together with National Differences and Special National Conditions, if any, are in the Appendix to the main body of this TRF.				
Factory (for information only)				
Name:	OSRAM Opto Semiconductors			
Address:	Penang, Malaysia			
General product information:				
UV- and IR radiation of visible LED products can be ne	eglected!			

Page 5 of 16 Report No.: 216-16a

	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		
4.1	General		
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure		Р
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10 ⁴ cd·m- ²	see clause 4.3	Р
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye	No relevant radiation emission below 400 nm (visible LED)	N/A
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J·m-2 within any 8-hour period		N/A
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance, Es, of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		N/A
	$E_{s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30$ J·m ⁻²		N/A
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		N/A
	$t_{\text{max}} = \frac{30}{E_{\text{S}}}$ s		N/A
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye		
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J·m-² for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E _{UVA} , shall not exceed 10 W·m-².	No relevant radiation emission below 400 nm (visible LED)	N/A
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:		N/A
	$t_{\text{max}} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \text{s}$		N/A
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit		
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$, i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , L_B , shall not exceed the levels defined by:	RG1	Р

Page 6 of 16 Report No.: 216-16a

Clause Requirement - Test Result - Remark Verdic			IEC 62471		
	Clause	Requirement – Test		Result – Remark	Verdict

	$L_{\rm B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^{6} \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	for t ≤ 10 ⁴ s	P
	$L_{B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	for t > 10 ⁴ s	N/A
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit – small source		N/A
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E_{λ} , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by:	see table 4.2	
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	for t ≤ 100 s	N/A
	$E_{B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1 \qquad W \cdot m^{-2}$	for t > 100 s	N/A
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L_{λ} , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(_{\lambda})$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:	Permissible blue light exposure time larger than 10s => retinal thermal hazard can be ne- glected (IEC 62471, clause 3.4.)	N/A
	$L_{\rm R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}}$ W · m ⁻² · sr ⁻¹	(10 μs ≤ t ≤ 10 s)	N/A
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual stimulus		
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, L _{IR} , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:	No relevant radiation emission above 780 nm (visible LED)	N/A
	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	t > 10 s	N/A
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, $E_{\rm IR}$, over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:	No relevant radiation emission above 780 nm (visible LED)	N/A
	$E_{\text{IR}} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75}$ W · m ⁻²	t ≤ 1000 s	N/A
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:		

Page 7 of 16 Report No.: 216-16a

		IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement – Test		Result – Remark	Verdict

	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100$ W · m ⁻²	t > 1000 s	N/A
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin		
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		
	$E_{H} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda} (\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0,25} \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$	No relevant radiation emission to cause thermal hazard for the skin (visible LED)	N/A

5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEM	S	
5.1	Measurement conditions		
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.		Р
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)		
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.	No seasoning in appropriate LED module standards re- quired	N/A
5.1.2	Test environment		
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.	Type test at 25°C +/-2K ambient temperature, according to LED module safety standard IEC 62031 Ed. 1 2008-01	P
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation		
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.	The optical measurement set- up is placed in special black painted housing and shielded with baffles	P
5.1.4	Lamp operation		
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		
	 the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or 		N/A
	 the manufacturer's recommendation 		P
5.1.5	Lamp system operation		
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		
	 the appropriate IEC standard, or 		N/A
	 the manufacturer's recommendation 	Operation at max. current	Р
5.2	Measurement procedure		
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements		
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.		N/A
	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.		N/A

Page 8 of 16 Report No.: 216-16a

	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.	No irradiance measurements performed	N/A
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.		N/A
5.2.2	Radiance measurements		
5.2.2.1	Standard method		
	The measurements made with an optical system.	see equipment list	Р
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument.		Р
5.2.2.2	Alternative method		
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements.		N/A
5.2.3	Measurement of source size		
	The determination of α , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.		N/A
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources		
	The determination of Δt , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.		N/A
5.3	Analysis methods		
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired.	see table 4.1	P
5.3.2	Calculations		
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		Р
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.	see Annex C in the norm	Р

6	LAMP CLASSIFICATION		
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1	

Page 9 of 16 Report No.: 216-16a

IEC 62471						
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict			
	for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm		N/A			
	•	Object classification at a distance of 200mm	Р			
6.1	Continuous wave lamps					
6.1.1	Except Group					
	In the except group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:					
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_S) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor 		N/A			
	 a near-UV hazard (E_{UVA}) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor 		N/A			
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor 		N/A			
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor 		N/A			
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 1000 s 		N/A			
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)					
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the except group but that does not pose:					
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (Es) within 10000 s, nor 		N/A			
	 a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 300 s, nor 		N/A			
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 100 s, nor 		P			
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor 		N/A			
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 100 s 		N/A			
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L _{IR}), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		N/A			
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)					
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:					
	an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E _s) within 1000 s exposure, nor		N/A			
	a near ultraviolet hazard (E _{UVA}) within 100 s, nor		N/A			
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		N/A			

Page 10 of 16 Report No.: 216-16a

Requirement – Test - a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor - an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (EIR) within 10 s Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (LIR), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2. Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) Lamps which exceeds the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3. Pulsed lamps	Result – Remark	N/A N/A N/A N/A				
sion response), nor - an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E _{IR}) within 10 s Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L _{IR}), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2. Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) Lamps which exceeds the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A N/A				
sion response), nor - an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E _{IR}) within 10 s Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L _{IR}), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2. Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) Lamps which exceeds the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A N/A				
within 10 s Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L _{IR}), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2. Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) Lamps which exceeds the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A				
visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L _{IR}), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2. Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) Lamps which exceeds the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.						
Lamps which exceeds the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A				
are in Group 3.		N/A				
Pulsed lamps						
	Pulsed lamps					
Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.		N/A				
A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer.		N/A				
The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:						
 a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High- Risk) 		N/A				
 for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group 		N/A				
for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission		N/A				
	to any group of pulses within 0,25 s. A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer. The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows: - a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) - for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group - for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the	to any group of pulses within 0,25 s. A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer. The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows: - a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) - for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group - for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the				

Page 11 of 16 Report No.: 216-16a

		IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement – Test		Result – Remark	Verdict

Wavelength¹ λ, nm	UV hazard function S _ω (λ)	Wavelength λ, nm	UV hazard function S _∞ (λ)	
200	0,030	313*	0,006	
205	0,051	315	0,003	
210	0,075	316	0,0024	
215	0,095	317	0,0020	
220	0,120	318	0,0016	
225	0,150	319	0,0012	
230	0,190	320	0,0010	
235	0,240	322	0,00067	
240	0,300	323	0,00054	
245	0,360	325	0,00050	
250	0,430	328	0,00044	
254*	0,500	330	0,00041	
255	0,520	333*	0,00037	
260	0,650	335	0,00034	
265	0,810	340	0,00028	
270	1,000	345	0,00024	
275	0,960	350	0,00020	
280*	0,880	355	0,00016	
285	0,770	360	0,00013	
290	0,640	365*	0,00011	
295	0,540	370	0,000093	
297*	0,460	375	0,000077	
300	0,300	380	0,000064	
303*	0,120	385	0,000053	
305	0,060	390	0,000044	
308	0,026	395	0,000036	
310	0,015	400	0,000030	

Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.

^{*} Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.

Page 12 of 16 Report No.: 216-16a

	IEC	62471		
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result -	Remark	Verdict

Wavelength nm 300 305 310 315 320 325 330 335 340 345 350 355 360 365 370	Blue-light hazard function B (λ) 0,01	Burn hazard function R (λ)
305 310 315 320 325 330 335 340 345 350 355 360 365 370	0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01	
310 315 320 325 330 335 340 345 350 355 360 365 370	0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01	
315 320 325 330 335 340 345 350 355 360 365 370	0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01	
320 325 330 335 340 345 350 355 360 365 370	0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01	
325 330 335 340 345 350 355 360 365 370	0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01	
330 335 340 345 350 355 360 365 370	0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01	
335 340 345 350 355 360 365 370	0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01	
340 345 350 355 360 365 370	0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01	
345 350 355 360 365 370	0,01 0,01 0,01 0,01	
350 355 360 365 370	0,01 0,01 0,01	
355 360 365 370	0,01 0,01	
360 365 370	0,01	
365 370		
370	0,01	
	,	
	0,01	
375	0,01	
380	0,01	0,1
385	0,013	0,13
390	0,025	0,25
395	0,05	0,5
400	0,10	1,0
405	0,20	2,0
410	0,40	4,0
415	0,80	8,0
420	0,90	9,0
425	0,95	9,5
430	0,98	9,8
435	1,00	10,0
440	1,00	10,0
445	0,97	9,7
450	0,94	9,4
455	0,90	9,0
460	0,80	8,0
465	0,70	7,0
470	0,62	6,2
475	0,55	5,5
480	0,45	4,5
485 490	0,40 0,22	4,0 2,2

10^[(450-λ)/50]

0,001

1,0

1,0 10^[(700-λ)/500]

0,2

0,2·10^{0,02(1150-λ)}

0,02

500-600

600-700

700-1050

1050-1150

1150-1200 1200-1400

IEC 62471					
Clause	Requirement – Test		Result – Remark	Verdict	

Table 5.4	Summary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values)					
Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength n range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of con- stant irradiance W•m ⁻²	
Actinic UV skin & eye	$E_{S} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet S(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t	
Eye UV-A	$E_{UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10	
Blue-light small source	$E_B = \sum E_\lambda \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0	
Eye IR	$E_{IR} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 –3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/t ^{0,75} 100	
Skin thermal	$E_H = \sum E_\lambda \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/t ^{0,75}	

Table 5.5	Sun	nmary of the ELs for the	e retina (radian	ce based valu	es)		
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians	EL in ter constant r W•m ⁻² •	adiance
Blue light		$L_{B} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	0,25 - 10 10-100 100-10000 ≥ 10000	0,011•√(t/10) 0,011 0,0011•√t 0,1	10 ⁶ / 10 ⁶ / 10 ⁶ / 100	/t /t
Retinal thermal		$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta\lambda$	380 – 1400	< 0,25 0,25 – 10	0,0017 0,011•√(t/10)	50000/(c	,
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)		$L_{IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000	/α

IEC 62471					
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		

Table 6.1	Emission limits	for risk group	s of continuo	us wave lam	ps				
				Emission Measurement					
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exe	mpt	Low	risk	Mod	risk
	opcourdin			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	Sυv(λ)	Es	W•m⁻²	0,001	N/A	0,003	N/A	0,03	N/A
Near UV		Euva	W•m⁻²	10	N/A	33	N/A	100	N/A
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100	N/A	10000	8340	4000000	N/A
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	Ев	W•m⁻²	1,0*	N/A	1,0	N/A	400	N/A
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L _R	W•m⁻²•sr⁻¹	28000/α	N/A	28000/α	N/A	71000/α	N/A
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	Lir	W•m⁻²•sr⁻¹	6000/α	N/A	6000/α	N/A	6000/α	N/A
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m⁻²	100	N/A	570	N/A	3200	N/A

Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. Involves evaluation of non-GLS source

Page 15 of 16 Report No.: 216-16a

Furthermore remarks:

- List of measurement equipment

Clause	Measurement / testing	Testing / measuring equip- ment / material used, (Equip- ment ID)	Range used	Last Calibration date	Calibration due date
	spectral irradi- ance	OSRAM HLX 64361 spectral irradiance tungsten halogen lamp serial no. 009		31.05.2016	31.05.2018
	spectral radi- ance	OSRAM Wi 17G spectral radiance tungsten ribbon lamp serial no. 30		28.06.2016	28.06.2018
	spectral radi- ance	Instrument Systems Compact Array Spectrometer - CAS 140 CT serial no. 44314208			*)
	spectral radi- ance	Instrument Systems Radiance setup - TOP 200 serial no. 01420108			*)
	spectral irradi- ance	Instrument Systems Compact Array Spectrometer - CAS 140 CT serial no. 1628142			*)
	spectral irradi- ance	Instrument Systems Irradiance setup - EOP 7mm entrance ap- erture serial no. 1628142E1			*)
	radiance / lumi- nance	TechnoTeam Radiance camera - LMK serial no. DXM2141			*)
	electrical values	Digital-Multimeter Keithley 2000 no. 1110633		02.08.2016	02.08.2017
	electrical values	Digital-Multimeter Keithley 2000 no. 0947882		02.08.2016	02.08.2017
	electrical values	High Precision Shunt Resistor 100 mΩ Burster 1282 no. 412052		17.12.2015	15.12.2017
	ambient tem- perature	Vaisala SP-2000-20R serial no. 16142050		18.04.2016	18.04.2017
	distance	Gauge block Holex 200mm serial no. 6134		04.02.2016	04.02.2017

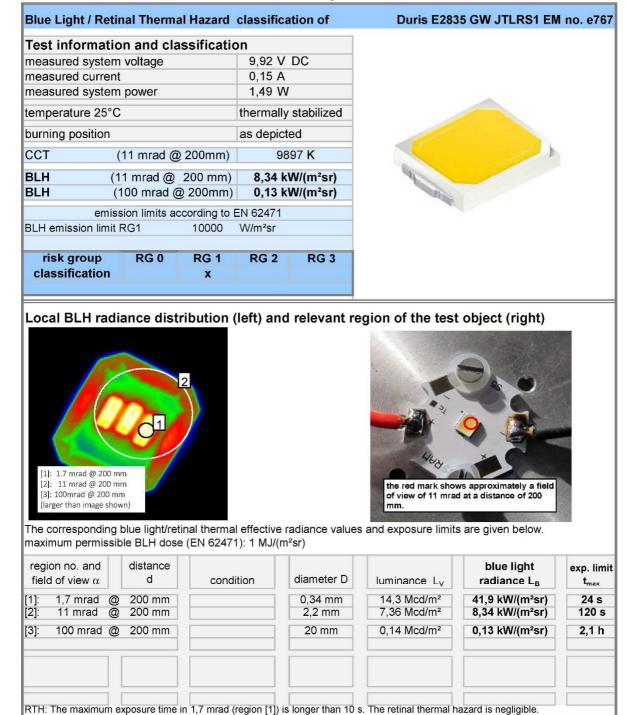
^{*)} instruments calibrated by standard lamps (see above)

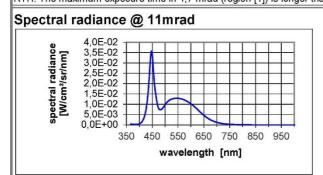
All standard lamps are traceable to the German NMI: Physikalisch Technische Bundesanstalt

Central Laboratory for Light Measurements



enclosure 1 to report 216-16a





position of the spectral measurement: (see crosshairs)



Duris E2835 GW JTLRS1 EM no. e767 150mA 200mm a.xlsx





TEST REPORT IEC TR 62778

Application of IEC 62471 for the assessment of blue light hazard to light sources and luminaires

Report Number....: 216-16b

Date of issue.....: 10. October 2016

Total number of pages 11

Name of Testing Laboratory Central Laboratory for Light Measurements

preparing the Report: OSRAM GmbH, CI ANM CLM

Berliner Allee 65; 86153 Augsburg, Germany

Applicant's name: Yeap, Sang Yee Jacqueline

OS SSL AE (SSL Application Engineering)

Address OSRAM Opto Semiconductors (M) Sdn. Bhd.

Bayan Lepas Free Industr. Zone Phase 1 - Pen 3

11900 Penang

Malaysia

Test specification:

Standard: IEC TR 62778:2014 (Second Edition)

Test procedure:

Non-standard test method: N/A

Test Report Form No.: IEC62778A

Test Report Form(s) Originator: TÜV SÜD Product Service GmbH

Master TRF: Dated 2016-02

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This report is not valid as a CB Test Report unless signed by an approved CB Testing Laboratory and appended to a CB Test Certificate issued by an NCB in accordance with IECEE 02.

General disclaimer:

The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested.

This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Issuing CB Testing Laboratory. The authenticity of this Test Report and its contents can be verified by contacting the NCB, responsible for this Test Report.

Test item description::	Duris E2835				
Trade Mark:	OSRAM				
Manufacturer:	OSRA	M Opto Semiconductors			
Model/Type reference:	GW JT	TLRS1.EM			
Ratings::	150 m	A DC (max. current) – 6500K (highest available CCT)			
Responsible Testing Laboratory (as a	pplicat	ble), testing procedure and testing location(s):			
		Central Laboratory for Light Measurements			
Testing location/ address:		OSRAM GmbH, CI ANM CLM Berliner Allee 65; 86153 Augsburg, Germany DAkkS			
		Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle D-PL-17666-02-00			
Tested by (name, function, signature)	:	A. Gurel, Test Engineer:			
Approved by (name, function, signatu	re) :	Dr. Walter Steudtner, Head of laboratory:			
		W. Hawany			
Associated Testing Laboratory:					
Testing location/ address	:				
Tested by (name, function, signature)	:				
Approved by (name, function, signatu	re):				
Testing procedure: Elsewhere:					
Testing location/ address	:				
Tested by (name, function, signature)	:				
Approved by (name, function, signatu	re):				

List of Attachments (including a total number of pages in each attachment):				
Attachment 1: Measurement results for Duris E2835 GW JTLRS1.EM / Page 10				
Summary of testing:				
Duris E2835 GW JTLRS1.EM:				
 RG1 (11mrad@200mm) low risk Blue light hazard L_B = 8,34 kW•m⁻²•sr⁻¹ (11 	l mrad @ 200mm)			
Tests performed (name of test and test clause):	Testing location:			
Test was performed according to clause 5 MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEMS of IEC 62471:2006 (ed.1) 5.2.2 Radiance measurements 5.2.2.1 Standard method and according to clause 7 Application OF IEC 62471 FOR THE ASSESSMENT OF BLUE LIGHT HAZARD TO LIGHT SOURCES AND LUMINAIRES of IEC TR 62778:2014 (ed. 2) 7.2 Conditions for the radiance measurement.	Central Laboratory for Light Measurements OSRAM GmbH, CI ANM CLM Berliner Allee 65; 86153 Augsburg, Germany			
Summary of compliance with National Differences (List of countries addressed): Tested products comply to the IEC TR 62778 Application of IEC 62471 for the assessment of blue light hazard to light sources and luminaires				
☐ The product fulfils the requirements of (insert standard number and edition and delete the text in parenthesis, leave it blank or delete the whole sentence, if not applicable)				

Copy of marking plate:

The artwork below may be only a draft. The use of certification marks on a product must be authorized by the respective Certification Bodies that own these marks.





Object no. e767 mounted on an OSRAM Duris S5 PCB.

Test item particulars	Duris E2835 GW JTLRS1.EM no. e767
Product evaluated:	☐ LED package
	□ LED module
	□ Lamp □
	⊠ Luminaire
	0.001/
Rated voltage (V)	9,92V
Rated current (mA)	150 mA DC (max. current)
Rated CCT (K):	6500K (highest available CCT)
Rated Luminance (Mcd/m²):	NA
Component report data used:	Not applicable
	LED package
	☐ LED module ☐ Lamp
	Report number:
	responding of
Possible test case verdicts:	
- test case does not apply to the test object:	N/Δ
- test object does meet the requirement:	
- test object does not meet the requirement:	
Testing:	i (i dii)
Date of receipt of test item:	05 10 2016
•	
Date (s) of performance of tests:	06.10.2016
General remarks:	
"(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information app	pended to the report.
"(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the	e report.
Throughout this report a $oxtimes$ comma / $oxtimes$ point is us	sed as the decimal separator.
Name and address of factory (ies):	
General product information:	

		IEC TR 62778		
Clause	Requirement + Test		Result - Remark	Verdict

7	MEASUREMENT INFORMATION FLOW						
7.1	Basic flow						
	'Law of conservation of luminance' applied		NA				
	Use of only true luminance/radiance values		NA				
	In case of luminaire: The light source is operated in the luminaire under similar conditions as when tested as a component		NA				
	In case E _{thr} value for RG2 was established the peak value was derived from angular light distribution		NA				
7.2	Conditions for the radiance measurement						
	Standard condition applied (200mm distance, 0,011rad field of view)		Р				
	Non-standard condition applied		NA				
7.3	Special cases (I): Replacement by a lamp or LED module of another type						
	Light source is a white light source		NA				
	Evaluation done based on highest luminance		NA				
	Evaluation done based on CCT value		NA				
7.4	Special cases (II): Arrays and clusters of primary light sources						
	LED package is evaluated as:	RG0 unlimited RG1 unlimited	NA				
	Ethr of LED package applies to array		NA				
8	RISK GROUP CLASSIFICATION						
	Risk group achieved:						
	Risk Group 0 unlimited		NA				
	Risk Group 1 unlimited						
	- E_{thr} = (lx) Distance to reach RG1 $pprox$		NA				

	TABLE: Spectroradiometric measurement						
	Measurement performed on:				☐ LED pac		
					□ LED module		
					Lamp		
					Luminai		
	Model number						
	Test voltage (V)			-	9,92V		
	Test current (mA)			:	150 mA (max. current)		_
	Test frequency (Ha	z)		:	-		
	Ambient, t (°C)			:	25°C		_
	Measurement dist	ance			⊠ 20 cm □ cm		_
	Source size			:	⊠ Non-small ☐ Small : mm		1
	Field of view:				☐ 100 mrad☑ 11 mrad		_
					1,7 mrad (for small sources)		
Item		Symb ol	Units		Result	Remark	
Correlated of	colour temperature	ССТ	K	7319	9	complete LED	
x/y colour co	oordinates	x/y		0,301/0,317		complete LED	
Blue light hazard radiance		L _B	kW/(m ² •sr ¹)	8,34		11mrad	
Blue light hazard irradiance		Ев	W/m²	1,16	;	200mm	
Luminance		L	Mcd/m ²	7,36	1	11mrad	
Illuminance		Е	lx	1190		200mm	
Supplement	ary information:			•			

TABLE: Angular light distribution		

List of test equipment used:

A completed list of used test equipment shall be provided in the Test Reports when a Manufacturer Testing Laboratory according to CTF stage 1 or CTF stage 2 procedure has been used.

Note: This page may be removed when CTF stage 1 CTF stage 2 are not used. See also clause 4.8 in OD 2020

for more details.

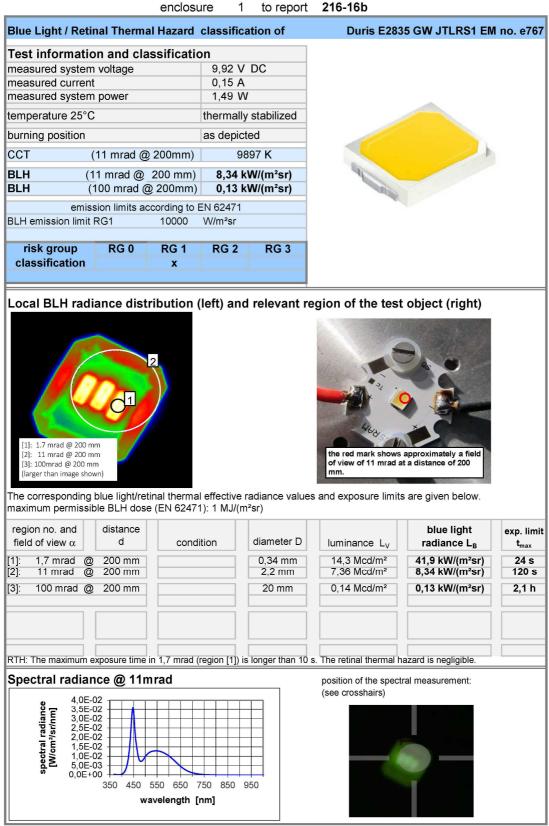
Clause	se Measurement / Testing / measuring equipment / material used, (Equipment ID)		Range used	Last Calibration date	Calibration due date
	spectral irradiance			31.05.2016	31.05.2018
	spectral radiance	OSRAM Wi 17G spectral radiance tungsten ribbon lamp serial no. 30		28.06.2016	28.06.2018
	spectral radiance	Instrument Systems Compact Array Spectrometer - CAS 140 CT serial no. 44314208			*)
	spectral radiance	Instrument Systems Radiance setup - TOP 200 serial no. 01420108			*)
	spectral irradiance				*)
	spectral irradiance	Instrument Systems Irradiance setup - EOP 7mm entrance aperture serial no. 1628142E1			*)
	radiance / luminance				*)
	electrical values	Digital-Multimeter Keithley 2000 no. 1110633		02.08.2016	02.08.2017
	electrical values Digital-Multimeter Keithley 2000 no. 0947882			02.08.2016	02.08.2017
	electrical values High Precision Shunt Resistor 100 mΩ Burster 1282 no. 412052			17.12.2015	15.12.2017
	ambient temperature	Vaisala SP-2000-20R serial no. 16142050		18.04.2016	18.04.2017
	distance Gauge block Holex 200mm serial no. 6134			04.02.2016	04.02.2017

^{*)} instruments calibrated by standard lamps (see above)

All standard lamps are traceable to the German NMI: Physikalisch Technische Bundesanstalt

Central Laboratory for Light Measurements





Duris E2835 GW JTLRS1 EM no. e767 150mA 200mm b.xlsx

LED Family: DURIS E 2835

Corresponding photo biological safety report: 216-16b

LED	Test Status	Tested current	IEC 62471	IEC TR 62778
GW JTLRS1.EM	Tested Device	0.15A	RG1	RG1 unlimited
GW JTLRS1.CM	Covered Device	N/A	RG1	RG1 unlimited
GW JTLPS1.CM	Covered Device	N/A	RG1	RG1 unlimited
GW JTLPS1.EM	Covered Device	N/A	RG1	RG1 unlimited
GW JTLPS2.CM	Covered Device	N/A	RG1	RG1 unlimited
GW JTLPS2.EM	Covered Device	N/A	RG1	RG1 unlimited
GW JTLRSX.EM	Covered Device	N/A	RG1	RG1 unlimited
GW JTLRSX.CM	Covered Device	N/A	RG1	RG1 unlimited
GW JTLQS1.EM	Covered Device	N/A	RG1	RG1 unlimited

This Risk group assessment shall only be used in combination with the eye safety report according to IEC 62471:2006.



END OF DOCUMENT